Sensitivity analyses

Firstly to allow for full information on the pre-intervention number of SPCs (as opposed to condensing this information into a proportion as in our primary analysis) a Poisson regression model was fitted with an offset for the total number of charts and the outcome as the number of charts presented as an SPC, and with adjustment for group (intervention or control group), for period (pre or post intervention exposure) and an interaction between group and period (treatment effect). To allow for the dependence between repeated measures on the same hospital a random cluster effect (without any small sample correction, which is not supported in Stata 16 for count or binary outcomes) is included. We additionally tried to allow for degree of clustering to depend on period of measurement, but models with a random interaction between cluster and period failed to converge. Results are reported on the rate ratio scale with 95% confidence intervals. This is Model 1 in supplementary tables. This model was our planned primary analysis, but to allow for the over dispersion evident in the counts and for the many zero counts, we additionally extended these models to zero-inflated Poisson (Model 2, without a random cluster effect as this is not supported in Stata 16) and negative Binomial (Model 3), with a random hospital effects – again models with random hospital by period effects failed to converge. Due to lack of convergence of the random hospital by period interaction, we additionally fitted these models using logistic regression (this model can have better convergence properties), but this model with the random interaction also failed to converge and so is included with a random hospital effect only (Model 4).

Finally, to avoid reliance on mixed models (which might not be stable with only 20 hospitals especially without a small sample corrections) we additionally modelled the data conditioning on the proportion of charts which were SPCs in the pre-intervention period (as a fixed categorical effect) using a Poisson distribution (Model 5), negative Binomial (Model 6),

zero-inflated Poisson (Model 7) and zero-inflated negative Binomial (Model 8, our primary model). All models suggest a positive and large impact of the intervention, with the exception of model 1 to 3 (these models are not expected to be very reliable, as they use a random effect with only 20 clusters and does not allow for the over dispersion and zero counts which are prominent features of the data).

Table S7-1 Different model approaches for primary analysis

	Model 1 – Mixed effects	Model 2 – Zero inflated	Model 3 – Mixed effects	Model 4 – Mixed effects	
	Poisson model	Poisson model	negative Binomial model	logistic model	
	Data matic	Data wati a	Data matic	Odd notic	
	Rate ratio	Rate ratio	Rate ratio	Odd ratio	
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	
Group –	14.61	4.46	7.49	13.96	
intervention	(2.03 to 104.86)	(2.07 to 9.60)	(1.19 to 47.18)	(1.62 to 120.50)	
Period – post	1.76	1.81	1.46	1.79	
intervention	(0.81 to 3.85)	(0.77 to 4.21)	(0.22 to 9.50)	(0.81 to 3.96)	
Treatment effect	1.84	1.19	2.81	3.19	
- group # period	(0.81 to 4.18)	(0.491 to 2.86)	(0.22 to 35.29)	(1.36 to 7.48)	
Changes	Original analysis plan	Model used adjusts for zero	Model used adjusts for	Model treats outcome as	
		cells in outcome	overdispersion in outcome	binomial not count data	
Outcome	Number of SPCs	Number of SPCs	Number of SPCs	Number of SPCs	
Covariates	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	
	control), period (pre/post	control), period (pre/post	control), period (pre/post	control), period (pre/post	
	intervention) and treatment	intervention) and treatment	intervention) and treatment	intervention) and treatment	
	effect	effect	effect	effect	
Random effect	Yes, hospital	No	Yes, hospital	Yes, hospital	
Comments	Issue using random effects	This model adjusts for zero	Issue using random effects	Issue using random effects	
	for small number of	cells in outcome but not	for small number of	for small number of	
	clusters (hospital) and	clusters (hospital).	clusters (hospital)	clusters (hospital)	
	doesn't adjust for zero cells	_	_	_	
	in outcome				

	Model 5 – Poisson model	Model 6 – Negative	Model 7 – Zero inflated	Model 8 – Zero inflated	
		Binomial model	Poisson model	negative Binomial model	
	Rate ratio	Rate ratio	Rate ratio	Rate ratio	
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	
Group -	14.71	17.90	4.71	9.24	
intervention	(9.58 to 22.58)	(3.63 to 88.3)	(3.03 to 7.31)	(2.68 to 31.87)	
Pre-	10.23	5.66	4.96	3.24	
measurement	(4.42 to 23.65)	(0.01 to 6258.06)	(2.03 to 12.13)	(0.10 to 100.30)	
Changes	Data is reshaped to account	Data is reshaped to account	Data is reshaped to account	Data is reshaped to account	
	for repeated measurements	for repeated measurements	for repeated measurements	for repeated measurements	
	and avoid reliance on mixed	and avoid reliance on mixed	and avoid reliance on mixed	and avoid reliance on mixed	
	models	models and model used models and model used		models and model used	
		adjusts for overdispersion	adjusts for zero cells.	adjusts for zero cells and	
				overdispersion.	
Outcome	Number of SPCs in post-	Number of SPCs in post-	Number of SPCs in post-	Number of SPCs in post-	
	intervention measurements	intervention measurements	intervention measurements	intervention measurements	
Covariates	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	Group (intervention or	
	control) and pre-intervention	control) and pre-intervention	control) and pre-intervention	control) and pre-intervention	
	proportion of SPCs.	proportion of SPCs.	proportion of SPCs.	proportion of SPCs.	
Comments	No adjustment made for	This model adjusts for	This model adjusts for zero	o This model adjusts for zero	
	zero cells or overdispersion.	overdispersion in outcome	cells in outcome but not	cells and overdispersion in	
		but not zero cells.	overdispersion.	outcome, out primary	
				model.	

Table S7-2 SPC usage by group, hospital and period out of time series charts

Control group			Intervention group				
	Pre-training	Post-training	Post- Pre		Pre-training	Post-training	Post- Pre
Hospital	SPC/Chart (%)	SPC/Chart (%)	% difference	Hospital	SPC/Chart (%)	SPC/Chart (%)	% difference
1	0/57 (0)	0/69 (0)	0	11	0/190 (0)	9/184 (5)	5
2	0/71 (0)	0/97 (0)	0	12	0/149 (0)	0/117 (0)	0
3	0/12 (0)	2/53 (4)	4	13	0/109 (0)	0/77 (0)	0
4	0/638 (0)	0/665 (0)	0	14	3/115 (3)	91/243 (37)	34
5	0/146 (0)	0/163 (0)	0	15	52/107 (49)	47/63 (75)	26
6	0/78 (0)	11/155 (7)	7	16	0/69 (0)	58/81 (72)	72
7	0/138 (0)	0/137 (0)	0	17	0/11 (0)	27/52 (52)	52
8	0/92 (0)	0/93 (0)	0	18	18/137 (13)	42/404 (10)	-3
9	2/148 (1)	6/178 (3)	2	19	0/80 (0)	25/80 (31)	31
10	0/99 (5)	0/85 (0)	0	20	8/112 (7)	20/93 (22)	15
Average difference in control group			Average difference in intervention group				
(95% CI) 0 (0 to 2)			(95% CI) 19 (7 to 30)				
			Average difference between intervention and				
			control group* (95% CI) 18 (7 to 29				
			Average rate change between intervention				
				and control group ** (95% CI) 9 (3 to			9 (3 to 29)

For each hospital in pre and post intervention period, the number of SPCs, the number of all charts and percentage of SPCs out of time series charts are reported

^{*} T-test comparing average difference in proportions between intervention and control group. Percentage difference and 95% confidence intervals are reported.

^{**} Zero-inflated negative Binomial regression models. Outcome is number of SPCs in post-intervention period, adjusting for pre-intervention proportion of SPCs. Exposure is time series charts. Rate ratios and 95% confidence intervals are reported.

Table S7-3 SPC usage by group, hospital and period out of time series and between group charts

Control group			Intervention group				
	Pre-	Post-	Post-		Pre-	Post-	
	training	training	Pre		training	training	Post– Pre
	SPC/Chart	SPC/Chart	%		SPC/Chart	SPC/Chart	%
Hospital	(%)	(%)	difference	Hospital	(%)	(%)	difference
1	0/13 (0)	0/36 (0)	0	11	0/13 (0)	0/11 (0)	0
2	0/34 (0)	0/51 (0)	0	12	0/27 (0)	0/29 (0)	0
3	0/4 (0)	0/32 (0)	0	13	0/60 (0)	0/43 (0)	0
4	0/1 (0)	0/8 (0)	0	14	2/25 (8)	1/28 (4)	-4
5	0/6 (0)	0/16 (0)	0	15	20/29 (69)	17/26 (65)	-4
6	0/7 (0)	0/9 (0)	0	16	0/42 (0)	18/34 (53)	53
7	0/2 (0)	0/1 (0)	0	17	0/6 (0)	0/13 (0)	0
8	0/38 (0)	0/37 (0)	0	18	0/21 (0)	0/37 (0)	0
9	0/10 (0)	0/18 (0)	0	19	0/21 (0)	0/20 (0)	0
10	0/5 (0)	0/1 (0)	0	20	0/56 (0)	0/37 (0)	0
Average difference in control			Average difference in				
group			0 (0 to	intervention group			
(95% CI)	(95% CI) 0) (95% CI) 10 (0 to				10 (0 to 21)		
	Average difference between						
				intervention and control			
				group* (95% CI) 10 (0 to 20)			
				Average rate change between			
i				interventi	ion and cont	rol	Non-
	group ** (95% CI) converge				onvergence		

For each hospital in pre and post intervention period, the number of SPCs, the number of all charts and percentage of SPCs out of time series and between group charts are reported

^{*} T-test comparing average difference in proportions between intervention and control group. Percentage difference and 95% confidence intervals are reported.

^{**} Zero-inflated negative Binomial regression models. Outcome is number of SPCs in post-intervention period, adjusting for pre-intervention proportion of SPCs. Exposure is time series and between group charts. Rate ratios and 95% confidence intervals are reported.