## Supplement 1

Table 1: Checklist - Transparent Reporting of Evaluations with Nonrandomized Designs (TREND) Statement

Paper section	Item No.	Descriptor	Reported?		
Title and abstract					
Title and Abstract	1	Information on how units were allocated to interventions.	Ø	Title, abstract	
		Structured abstract	V		
		Information on target population or study sample.	Ø	Title, abstract	
Introduction					
Background	2	Scientific background and explanation of rationale.	V	INTRODUCTION	
		Theories used in designing behavioral interventions.	V	METHODS, Supplement 2	
Methods	1				
Participants	3	Eligibility criteria for participants, including criteria at different levels in recruitment/sampling plan (e.g., cities, clinics, subjects).	M	METHODS, Participants, paragraph 1, Assignment method	
		Method of recruitment (e.g., referral, self- selection), including the sampling method if a systematic sampling plan was implemented.	Ø	METHODS, Design and setting, paragraph 1	
		Recruitment setting	N/A		
		Settings and locations where the data were collected.	N/A		
Interventions	4	Details of the interventions intended for each study condition and how and when they were actually administered, specifically including:		METHODS, Intervention, Supplement file 2	
		sessions or episodes or events were intended to be delivered? How long were they intended to last?  Time span: how long was it intended to take to deliver the intervention to each unit?			

		<ul> <li>Activities to increase compliance or adherence.</li> </ul>		
Objectives	5	Specific objectives and hypotheses.	Ø	INTRODUCTION, paragraph 5
Outcomes	6	Clearly defined primary and secondary outcome measures.	<b>1</b>	METHODS, Outcomes, paragraph 1
Sample Size	7	How sample size was determined and, when applicable, explanation of an interim analyses and stopping rules.	Ø	METHODS, Sample size
Assignment method	8	Unit of assignment (the unit being assigned to study condition, e.g., individual, group, community).	Ø	METHODS, Participants
		Method used to assign units to study conditions, including details of any restrictions (e.g., blocking, stratifications, and minimization).	V	METHODS, Assignment method
		Inclusion of aspects employed to help minimize potential bias to non-randomization (e.g., matching).	Ø	METHODS, Assignment method
Blinding (masking)	9	Whether or not participants, those administering the interventions, and those assessing the outcomes were blinded to study condition assignment. And if so, statement regarding how the blinding was accomplished and how it was assessed.	Ø	DISCUSSION, Limitations, paragraph 1
Unit of analysis	10	Description of the smallest unit that is being analyzed to assess intervention effects (e.g., individual, group, or community).	Ø	METHODS, Analyses, paragraph 3
Statistical methods	11	Statistical methods used to compare study groups for primary methods outcome(s), including complex methods of correlated data.	Ø	METHODS Analyses, paragraph 3
		Statistical methods used for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analysis.	Ø	METHODS Analysis, paragraph 3 and 4
		<ul> <li>Methods for imputing missing data, if used.</li> <li>Statistical software and programs used.</li> </ul>	N/A ☑	METHODS, Analysis, paragraph 4
Results				
Participant flow	12	Flow of participants through each stage of the study: enrollment, assignment, intervention exposure, follow-up analysis (diagram).	V	Figure 1
		<ul> <li>Enrollment: the numbers of participants screened for eligibility, found to be eligible or</li> </ul>	Ø	Figure 1

		not eligible, declined to be enrolled, and		
		enrolled in the study.  O Assignment: the number of participants	Ø	Figure 1
		<ul> <li>assigned to a study condition.</li> <li>Allocation and intervention exposure: the number of participants assigned to each study condition and the number of participants who received each intervention.</li> </ul>	<b>I</b>	Figure 1
		<ul> <li>Follow-up: the number of participants who completed the follow-up or did not complete the follow-up (i.e., lost to follow-up), by study condition.</li> </ul>	Ø	Figure 1
		<ul> <li>Analysis: the number of participants included in or excluded from the main analysis, by study condition.</li> </ul>	Ø	Figure 1
		Description of protocol deviation from study as planned, along with reasons.	N/A	No deviations
Recruitment	13	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up.	Ø	RESULTS, Recruitment, paragraph 1. METHODS, Analyses, paragraph 2.
Baseline Data	14	Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of participants in each study condition.	☑	Table 1
		Baseline characteristics for each study condition relevant to specific disease prevention research.	Ø	Table 1
		Baseline comparisons of those lost to follow-up and those retained, overall and by study condition.	N/A	
		Comparison between study population at baseline and target population of interest.	Ø	(see 21)
Baseline equivalence	15	Data on study group equivalence at baseline and statistical methods used to control for baseline differences.	Ø	Table 1
Numbers analyzed	16	Number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis for each study condition, particularly when the denominators change for different outcomes; statement of the results in absolute numbers when feasible.	Ø	Table 3, Supplement 4.
		Indication of whether the analysis strategy was "intention to treat" or, if not, description of how non-compliers were treated in the analysis.	Ø	RESULTS, Table 3, paragraph 6 and 7, Supplement 4
Outcomes and estimation	17	For each primary and secondary outcome, a summary of results for each estimation study condition, and the estimated effect size and a	Ø	Table 3, Supplement 4

		confidence interval to indicate the precision.		
		Inclusion of null and negative findings.	N/A	
		<ul> <li>Inclusion of results from testing pre-specified</li> </ul>	N/A	
		causal pathway through which the intervention		
		was intended to operate, if any.		
Ancillary	18	Summary of other analyses performed, including	$\square$	RESULTS,
analyses		subgroup or restricted analyses, indicating which		paragraph 8
		are pre-specified or exploratory.		
Adverse events	19	Summary of all important adverse events or	$\square$	Table 3,
		unintended effects in each study condition		Supplement 4
		(including summary measures, effect size		RESULTS,
		estimates, and confidence intervals).		Secondary outcomes
Discussion	l		L	outcomes
Interpretation	20	Interpretation of the results, taking into account	$\square$	DISCUSSION,
		study hypotheses, sources of potential bias,		paragraph 1-3,
		imprecision of measures, multiplicative analyses,		7-10
		and other limitations or weaknesses of the		
		study.		
		Discussion of results taking into account the	Ø	DISCUSSION,
		mechanisms by which the intervention was		paragraph 1
		intended to work (causal pathways) or		
		alternative mechanisms or explanations.		
		Discussion of the success of and barriers to	V	DISCUSSION
		implementing the intervention, fidelity of		paragraph 2,
		implementation.		Implications
		Discussion of research, programmatic, or policy	Ø	DISCUSSION
		implications.		Implications
Generalizability	21	Generalizability (external validity of the trial	☑	DISCUSSION
		findings) taking into account the study		Generalizability
		population, the characteristics of the		
		intervention, length of follow-up, incentives,		
		compliance rates, specific sites/settings involved		
0 "	22	in the study and other contextual issues.	Ø	Dicci icci ori
Overall	22	General interpretation of the results in the	<u> </u>	DISCUSSION Implications
Evidence		context of current evidence and current theory.		implications